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#### MINNESOTA.

#### Foodstuffs—Misbranding of. (Chap. 20, Act Feb. 25, 1913.)

Section 1. Misbranding beverages a misdemeanor.—Section 1774, Revised Laws of Minnesota, 1905, is hereby amended so as to read as follows, to wit:

"1774. Misbranding.—Any person who either fails to affix or display any brand, marking, label, card, or placard in the manner and form required by any section of this chapter, or who fails to fully or truthfully state thereon all things as in such section required, or who places thereon anything other than the specific data or information therein called for; any person who shall remove, erase, efface, obscure, or obliterate any such mark, brand, label, card, or placard so required by law; and any person who shall place upon any article designed or offered for sale or use as food or as a beverage, or any article mentioned in this chapter, or upon any receptacle or package containing the same, anything which might deceive or tend to deceive the purchaser as to the substance from which such article is made or which it contains, or in respect to its quality, strength, or quantity, or in respect to the source of its manufacture or production, or which conflicts with, confuses, or conceals any data or information required by this chapter to be set forth by the aforesaid mark, brand, label, card, or placard, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, which shall be known as misbranding; and the article concerning or upon which such misbranding is done shall be deemed a misbranded article."

## Industrial Diseases—Notification of Cases Required. (Chap. 21, Act Feb. 25, 1913.

Section 1. Physicians to report certain cases of poison to commissioner of labor.—Every physician attending on or called in to visit a patient whom he believes to be suffering from poisoning from lead, phosphorus, arsenic, or mercury, or their compounds, or from anthrax, or from compressed-air illness, contracted as a result of the nature of the patient's employment, shall send to the commissioner of labor a notice stating the name and full postal address and place of employment of the patient and the disease from which in the opinion of the physician the patient is suffering, with such other specific information as may be required by the commissioner of labor and which may be ascertained by the physician in the course of his duties.

Sec. 2. Failure a misdemeanor.—If any physician, when required by section 1 of this act to send a notice, fails forthwith to send same, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$10, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not exceeding 10 days.

Sec. 3. To be enforced by labor commission.—It shall be the duty of the commissioner of labor to enforce the provisions of this section, and he may call upon the State and local boards of health for assistance.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July, 1913.

### Rabies—Muzzling of Dogs. (Chap. 541, Act Apr. 26, 1913.)

Section 1. Report as to rabies to be made to live stock sanitary board.—It shall be the duty of the executive officer of the live stock sanitary board, the chief health officer of every city, the executive officer of each town and village board of health, when complaint in writing shall have been made to him that rabies exists in any town, village, or city over which his jurisdiction extends, and for the purposes of this act the jurisdiction of the State officer hereinbefore named shall extend to any town, village, or city in this State, to investigate, either personally or through the agency of subordinate officers under his